

# 20156 BRAKE FLUID RACE 250ml

# Liqui Moly GmbH

Chemwatch: **95-7825** Version No: **2.1.1.1** 

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

### Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: **09/04/2018** Print Date: **10/04/2018** S.GHS.USA.EN

# **SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION**

### **Product Identifier**

Product name	20156 BRAKE FLUID RACE 250ml
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses Hydraulic fluid.

# Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	Liqui Moly GmbH
Address	Jerg-Wieland-Strasse 4 Ulm D-89081 Germany
Telephone	+49 731 1420 0
Fax	+49 731 1420 82
Website	Not Available
Email	Not Available

# **Emergency phone number**

Association / Organisation	INFOTRAC
Emergency telephone numbers	+1800 535 5053 (US & Canada)
Other emergency telephone numbers	+1 352 323 3500 (International)

# **SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

### CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max
Flammability	0	
Toxicity	0	
Body Contact	2	
Reactivity	0	
Chronic	0	

0 = Minimum 1 = Low 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2A, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3

# Label elements

# Hazard pictogram(s)



SIGNAL WORD

WARNING

### Hazard statement(s)

Tidzard Statement(s)	
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

### Precautionary statement(s) Response

P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

# Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

# **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
102-79-4	1-2.5	N-butyldiethanolamine
112-18-5	0.025-<0.25	N,N-dimethyldodecylamine

# **SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  • Wash out immediately with fresh running water.  • Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  • Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.  • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing media**

- Water spray or fog.
- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).

# Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

# Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

# ► Alert Fire Brig ► Wear full body Fire Fighting

- ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- ▶ Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.
- ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
- Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.

### Fire/Explosion Hazard

- Combustible.Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.
- ► Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.

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On combustion, may emit irritating/ toxic fumes

May emit corrosive fumes.

# SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills

- Remove all ignition sources.
- ► Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
- ► Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.

Major Spills

#### Moderate hazard.

- Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- ▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

#### **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# Precautions for safe handling

	Safe	handling	
--	------	----------	--

- ▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
- ▶ DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin

Other information

- Store in original containers.Keep containers securely sealed.
- Reep containers securely sealed.
   No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
- ► Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- Metal can or drum
- ▶ Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
- ► Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Storage incompatibility

None known

# **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# Control parameters

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
20156 BRAKE FLUID RACE 250ml	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
N-butyldiethanolamine	Not Available		Not Available	
	Not Available			

# **Exposure controls**

# Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

Personal protection











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Eye and face protection	<ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields.</li> <li>Chemical goggles.</li> <li>Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.</li> </ul>
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	<ul> <li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li> <li>Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber</li> <li>Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care.</li> </ul>
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	Overalls.     P.V.C. apron.     Barrier cream.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

### Respiratory protection

Type AK-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Selection of the Class and Type of respirator will depend upon the level of breathing zone contaminant and the chemical nature of the contaminant. Protection Factors (defined as the ratio of contaminant outside and inside the mask) may also be important.

Required minimum protection factor	Maximum gas/vapour concentration present in air p.p.m. (by volume)	Half-face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator
up to 10	1000	AK-AUS / Class1 P2	-
up to 50	1000	-	AK-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50	5000	Airline *	-
up to 100	5000	-	AK-2 P2
up to 100	10000	-	AK-3 P2
100+			Airline**

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  - Continuous Flow  $^{\star\star}$  - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

# **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colourless to amber colour liquid with slight odour; miscible with water.		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.06-1.09
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	>300
pH (as supplied)	7-8	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	5-10
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	>300	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	>100	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	<0	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

# **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

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### **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).  Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.		
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.		
Skin Contact	This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.  The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition		
Eye	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some	persons.	
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.		
20156 BRAKE FLUID RACE	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
250ml	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
N. b d. d. diedh e a e leasin e	Oral (rat) LD50: 4250 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit):0.75 mg(open)-SEVERE	
N-butyldiethanolamine		Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild	
		Skin (rabbit):10 mg/24h(open)mild	
N,N-dimethyldodecylamine	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 5000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Skin (rabbit): 2 mg/24h-SEVERE	
	Oral (rat) LD50: 740 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>		
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substanc     data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of che	ces - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified	

The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.

Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.

### N-BUTYLDIETHANOLAMINE

Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a non-atopic individual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. Other criteria for diagnosis of RADS include a reversible airflow pattern on lung function tests, moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing, and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia. The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend:

🗶 – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

Data Not Available to make classification

# **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Toxicity

20156 BRAKE FLUID RACE 250ml	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Not Available Available
N-butyldiethanolamine	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Not Available Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE SOURCE
N,N-dimethyldodecylamine	LC50	96	Fish	=0.5mg/L 1
	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.1mg/L 5

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Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Harmful to aquatic organisms.

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

#### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
N-butyldiethanolamine	LOW	LOW
N,N-dimethyldodecylamine	LOW	LOW

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
N-butyldiethanolamine	LOW (LogKOW = -0.0291)	
N,N-dimethyldodecylamine	HIGH (LogKOW = 5.4407)	

### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
N-butyldiethanolamine	LOW (KOC = 10)
N,N-dimethyldodecylamine	LOW (KOC = 13080)

### **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains
- ▶ It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- ▶ Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- ► Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

# **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### Labels Required

Marine Pollutant

NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# N-BUTYLDIETHANOLAMINE(102-79-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

### N,N-DIMETHYLDODECYLAMINE(112-18-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA New Chemical Exposure Limits (NCEL)

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

US TSCA Section 12(b) - List of Chemical Substances Subject to Export Notification

Requirements

### Federal Regulations

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

# SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES

Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	
Gas under pressure	No

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	,
Explosive	No
Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No
Carcinogenicity	No
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	Yes
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	Yes
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No

### US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

### **State Regulations**

### US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

None Reported

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Υ
Canada - NDSL	N (N,N-dimethyldodecylamine; N-butyldiethanolamine)
China - IECSC	Υ
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Υ
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Υ
New Zealand - NZIoC	Υ
Philippines - PICCS	Υ
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

# **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

# Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

### **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC – TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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